

HIAS MOODLE+ RESOURCE

Learning Tables Facts by End of Year 4

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July 2018

Final Version

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Overview

In this document

This document provides an overview of progression in the learning of times tables facts for Y1 to Y4.

Points to consider when using this resource

Teachers should expand the examples offered in this resource and make sure that they include multiple representations, models and images to support all learning preferences.

Year 1	Enrichment	National Curriculum and Non-Statutory Guidance
 By M1 Counting in 2s Linking 'adding 2s' eg 2+2+2 to counting By M2 Counting in 2s ,10s Linking 'adding multiples of 2' to 'lots of 2, groups of 2' 	 Missing number problems to develop reasoning (if I know this what else do I know?) Counting on from any 	By the end of Year 1 pupils should be taught to: Solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher.
 language to solve practical problems Linking 'adding multiples of 10' to 'lots of 10, groups of 10' language to solve practical problems, pictorial recording and repeated addition eg 10+10+10 By M3 Counting in 2s, 10s and 5s Linking 'adding multiples of 5' to 'lots of 5, groups of 5' language to solve practical problems, pictorial recording and repeated addition eg 5+5+5 By M4 	multiple of two (ten)	 Notes and guidance (non-statutory) Through grouping and sharing small quantities, pupils begin to understand: Multiplication and division Doubling numbers and quantities Finding simple fractions of objects, number and quantities. They make connections between arrays, number patterns and counting in twos, fives and tens.
 Counting in 2s, 10s and 5s Linking 'adding in multiples of' 2,10,5 to solving practical problems Assessment needs to accurately focus on which multiples individual pupils 'forget' or 'miss' when counting.		



6 socks – how many pairs?







If there are 5 chocolates in a box how many boxes are needed for 15 chocolates?



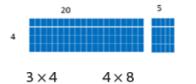
(Year 1 and) Year 2 **Enrichment National Curriculum and Non-Statutory Guidance** By M1 Missing number problems to make By the end of Year 2 pupils should be taught to: Tables facts for 2s,5s,10s links with inverse operations recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2, 5 and 10 Division facts for 2.10 multiplication tables, including recognising odd and even Multi representations of the same numbers By M2 number fact (extending your Tables facts for 2s,5s,10s calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division 'repertoire' to broaden and deepen) Write addition sentences as within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication sentences 2s,10s multiplication (x), division (÷) and equals (=) signs and 5s Counting on from any multiple of 5 show that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order Division facts for 2,10 and 5x (commutative) and division of one number by another cannot Independently able to create number By M3 **Notes and guidance (non-statutory)** stories about tables facts Tables facts for 2s.10s.5s Pupils use a variety of language to describe multiplication and Division facts for 2,10,5x division. Compare 5x and 10x facts to notice By M4 Pupils are introduced to the multiplication tables. They practise to doubling eg 5x2, 10x2 etc. Counting in 2s,5s,10s and 3s become fluent in the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables and connect Multiplication and Division facts for them to each other. They connect the 10 multiplication table to 2.5.10s place value and the 5 multiplication table to the divisions on the A look at picking out 'non-multiples' clock face. They begin to use other multiplication tables and recall of 2. 10 and thinking about multiplication facts, including using related division facts to perform remainders of 1 or 2? written and mental calculations. Assessment needs to accurately focus on Pupils work with a range of materials and contexts in which which multiples individual pupils 'forget' or multiplication and division relate to grouping and sharing discrete 'miss' when counting. quantities, to arrays and to repeated addition. They begin to relate these to fractions and measures (e.g. $40 \div 2 = 20$, 20 is half of 40). They use commutativity and inverse relations to develop multiplicative reasoning (e.g. $4 \times 5 = 20$ and $20 \div 5 = 4$).

5 frogs x 3 lily pads = 15 frogs





(Year 1, Year 2 and) Year 3 Enrichment	National Curriculum and Non-Statutory Guidance
By M1 • division facts for 2,5,10 • tables facts for 3x By M2 • division facts for 2,5,10 and 3x • tables facts for 4x By M3 • division facts for 2,5,10,3 and 4x • tables facts for 8x By M4 • division facts for 2,5,10,3 and 4x • tables facts for 20x Assessment needs to accurately focus on which multiples individual pupils 'forget' or 'miss' when counting. • Look at 'non-multiples' of 2s,10s,5s using number lines, arrays and record as division facts with remainders of 1 or 2 e.g. 11÷2=5r1 • Look at counting in multiples of 20,50,30 and relate to multiples of 20,50,30 and relate to multiples of 2,5,3 eg 3x5,30x5 • Look at division facts for 20x,30x,50x e.g. 200÷50=4 • Look at 'non-multiples' of 20,30,50s with small remainders of 1,2.3 e.g. 503÷50=10r3 • Look at patterns (show on number lines and bar models) • e.g. 50x3=150; 51x3=153; 52x3=156 e.g. 503÷50=10r3; 504÷50=10r4	By the end of Year 3 pupils should be taught to: Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables Write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know. Notes and guidance (non-statutory) Pupils continue to practise their mental recall of multiplication tables when they are calculating mathematical statements in order to improve fluency. Through doubling, they connect the 2, 4 and 8 multiplication tables. Pupils develop efficient mental methods, for example, using commutativity and associativity (e.g. 4 x 12 x5 = 4 x 5 x 12 = 20 = 240) and multiplication and division facts (e.g. using 3 x 2 = 6, 6 ÷ 3 = 2 and 2 = 6 ÷ 3) to derive related facts (e.g. 30 x 2 = 60, 60 ÷ 3 = 20 and 20 = 60 ÷ 3).



 8×4

 4×3

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Use concrete resources (e.g. counters) to create arrays that show multiples of 3, 4 & 8 to support multiplication and division facts.



What do you notice about these pairs of table facts? Use arrays and number lines to support your ideas.

Use number lines and concrete resources (e.g. bead strings) to show multiples of 3, 4 & 8 that support multiplication and division facts.

	x	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24
	3		9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30	33	36
	4			16	20	24	28	32	36	40	44	48
	5				25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60
	6					36	42	48	54	60	66	72
	7						49	56	63	70	77	84
	8							64	72	80	88	96
	9								81	90	99	108
1	10									100	110	120
1	11										121	132
1	12											144

28 multiplication/division facts to learn in year 2 (x2, x5, x10)

- +21 multiplication/division facts to learn in year 3 (x3, x4, x8)
- +16 multiplication/division facts to learn in year 4 (x6, x7, x9, x11,x12)

(Year 1, Year 2, Year 3 and) Year 4	Enrichment	National Curriculum and Non-Statutory Guidance
By M1 division facts 2,5,10,3,4,8x tables facts for 6x	 Look at 'non-multiples' of 2s,10s,5s,3s,4s,8s and record as division facts with remainders of 1 or 2 eg 67 ÷8 = 8 r3 	By the end of Year 3 pupils should be taught to: • recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to 12 × 12 • use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and
 By M2 division facts 2,5,10,3,4,8,6x tables facts for 7x 	Look at counting in multiples of 40,80,60 and relate to multiples of 4,8,6 e.g. 60x5/600 x5	divide mentally, including: o multiplying by 0 and 1 o dividing by 1 o multiplying together three numbers
By M3 • division facts 2,5,10,3,4,8,6 and 7x	Look at division facts for 40x 80x 60x ag 240 : 80/	 recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations
 tables facts for 9x (not already known), 11x and 12x 	40x,80x,60x eg 240÷80/ 240÷60	Notes and guidance (non-statutory) Pupils continue to practise recalling and using multiplication tables and
By M4	 Look at 'non-multiples' of 40,80, 60 with small 	related division facts to aid fluency.
• division facts for 2,5,10,3,4,8,6,7, 9,11,12x	remainders of 1,2.3 e.g. 324÷80= 4r4	Pupils practise mental methods and extend this to three-digit numbers to derive facts (e.g. $600 \div 3 = 200$ can be derived from $2 \times 3 = 6$).
Assessment needs to accurately focus on which multiples individual pupils 'forget' or 'miss' when counting.	• Look at PV calculations linked to tenths after a unit of work on this Eg 5x7=35, 5x 0.7=3.5, 0.5x7= 3.5	





Use arrays to show multiples of 6, 7 and 9 to support multiplication and division facts. Use dienes to show multiples of 11 and 12. Use number lines and concrete resources (e.g. bead strings) to show multiples of 6, 7, 9, 11 & 12 to support multiplication and division facts.

Look at patterns and links between facts. Discuss how knowing one facts helps you to work out another

x	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24
3		9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30	33	36
4			16	20	24	28	32	36	40	44	48
5				25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60
6					36	42	48	54	60	66	72
7						49	56	63	70	77	84
8							64	72	80	88	96
9								81	90	99	108
10									100	110	120
11										121	132
12											144

28 multiplication/division facts to learn in year 2 (x2, x5, x10) +21 multiplication/division facts to learn in year 3 (x3, x4, x8)

+16 multiplication/division facts to learn in year 4 (x6, x7, x9, x11,x12)

Use your knowledge of multiplication tables to complete these calculations.

7 × 6 =	12 × 6 =
7 × 2 × 3 =	13 × 6 =
8 × 7 =	12 × 12 =
2 × 4 × 7 =	12 × 13 =
2 × 2 × 2 × 7 =	12 × 0 =

Which calculations have the same answer? Can you explain why?

By the end of the year pupils should be fluent with all table facts up to 12×12 and also be able to apply these to calculate unknown facts, such as 12×13 .

2 × 3 =	6 × 7 =	9 × 8 =
2 × 30 =	6 × 70 =	9 × 80 =
2 × 300 =	6 × 700 =	9 × 800 =
20 × 3 =	60 × 7 =	90 × 8 =
200 × 3 =	600 × 7 =	900 × 8 =

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